

FACULTY OF SCIENCE

M.Sc. III – Semester (CBCS) Examination, December 2016

Subject: Mathematics

Paper – IV (B)
Integral Equations

Time: 3 Hours

Max.Marks: 80

Note: Answer all questions from Part-A and Part-B.

Each question carries 4 marks in Part-A and 12 marks in Part-B.

PART – A (8x4 = 32 Marks)

[Short Answer Type]

- 1 Define Volterra integral equation and Fredholm integral equation.
- 2 Form an integral equation corresponding to differential equation $y'' + (1+x^2)y = \cos x$, $y(0)=0, y'(0) = 0$.
- 3 Reduce the integral equation of the first kind to second kind $\int_0^x \sin(x-t) \varphi(t) dt = \sin x$.
- 4 Show that the solution of Abel's problem $\int_0^x \frac{\varphi(t)}{\sqrt{x-t}} dt = c$ is a cycloid.
- 5 Using Fredholm determinants, find the resolvent Kernel $k(x,t) = \sin x \cos t$, $a=0, b=2$.
- 6 Define characteristic numbers and eigen function of homogeneous Fredholm integral equation.
- 7 Show that if Kernel $K(x,t)$ is symmetric then all its iterated Kernels are symmetric.
- 8 Construct the Green's function for the BVP $y'' = 0, y(0)=y(1), y'(0) = y'(1)$.

PART – B (4x12 = 48 Marks)

[Essay Answer Type]

- 9 a) Solve the integral equation $\varphi(x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2} + \int_0^x \sin(x-t) \varphi(t) dt$.
OR
b) Explain Picards method of successive approximation. Obtain first four approximations of $\varphi(x) = 2x^2 + 2 - \int_0^x x \varphi(t) dt, \varphi_0(x) = 2$.
- 10 a) Solve the integro-differential equation
 $\varphi''(x) + \int_0^x e^{2(x-t)} \varphi'(t) dt = e^{2x}, \varphi(0) = 0, \varphi'(0) = 1$.
OR
b) Derive and solve the Abel's problem.

11 a) Solve the integral equation with degenerate Kernels

$$\varphi'(x) - \lambda \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (x \cos t + t^2 \sin x + \cos x \sin t) \varphi(t) dt.$$

OR

b) Find the characteristic numbers and eigen function of the integral equation

$$\varphi(x) = \lambda \int_0^{\pi} (\cos^2 x \cos 2t + \cos 3x \cos^3 t) \varphi(t) dt.$$

12 a) Explain Schmidt's solution of the non-homogeneous integral equations.

OR

b) Construct the Green's function for the homogeneous BVP

$$y'''(x) = 0, y(0) = y'(0) = y(1) = y'(1) = 0.$$

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