

## FACULTY OF SCIENCE

B.Sc. IV – Semester (CBSC) Examination, May / June 2018

Subject: Mathematics

Paper: IV Algebra

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

## SECTION – A (5 x 4 = 20 Marks)

(Short Answer Type)

Note: Answer any Five of the following questions

1. Let  $G$  be any group and  $(ab)^2 = a^2 b^2$  for all  $a, b \in G$  then show that  $G$  is an abelian group. 69
2. If  $\alpha, \beta \in S_5$  and  $\alpha = (1\ 2\ 3\ 4\ 5)$ ,  $\beta = (1\ 4\ 5\ 3\ 2)$  then evaluate  $\alpha\beta$ ,  $\alpha\beta^{-1}$ ,  $\alpha^2\beta$ .
3. If  $H$  and  $K$  are subgroups of a group  $G$  with  $|H| = 24$ ,  $|K| = 20$  then show that  $H \cap K$  is an abelian group.
4. Determine all group homomorphisms from  $\mathbf{Z}_{12}$  to  $\mathbf{Z}_{30}$ .
5. Define zero divisor in a ring  $R$ . Find all zero divisors in the ring  $(\mathbf{Z}_{12}, +_{12}, \cdot_{12})$ .
6. If  $I_1$  and  $I_2$  are any two ideals in a ring  $R$ , then show that  $I_1 + I_2 = \{x + y \mid x \in I_1, y \in I_2\}$  is always an ideal of  $R$ .
7. Show that  $f(x) = x^2 + 3x + 2$  has four zeros in  $\mathbf{Z}_6$ .
8. Let  $R, S$  be any two rings and  $\phi: R \rightarrow S$  is a homomorphism. If  $R$  is commutative then show that  $\phi(R)$  is commutative.

## SECTION-B (4x15=60 Marks)

(Essay Answer Type)

9. (a) (i) Let  $G$  be a group and  $H$  is non empty subset of  $G$ . Then show that  $H$  is group of  $G$  if and only if  $ab^{-1} \in H$  for all  $a, b \in H$ .  
(ii) In the symmetric group  $S_3$  find the elements which satisfy  $x^3 = e$  where  $e$  is the identity permutation of  $S_3$ .

OR

- (b) (i) Show that every subgroup cyclic group is cyclic.  
(ii) Find all generators of the group  $(\mathbf{Z}_8, +_8)$ .

Contd...2....

10. (a) (i) State and prove Lagrange's theorem.  
(ii) Show that every group of prime order is cyclic.

OR

- (b) (i) Define center  $z(G)$  of a group  $G$ . Show that  $Z(G)$  is always a normal subgroup of  $G$ .  
(ii) State and prove the first isomorphism theorem on groups.

11. (a) (i) Show that every finite integral domain is a field.  
(ii) If  $a$  is an idempotent element in a ring  $R$  then show that  $1-a$  is also idempotent.

OR

- (b) (i) Define Maximal ideal in a ring  $R$ .  
(ii) Let  $R$  be a cumulative ring with unity and  $A$  be an ideal of  $R$  then show That quotient  $\frac{R}{A}$  is a field if and only if  $A$  is a maximal ideal.

12. (a) Let  $D$  be an integral domain. Then show that there exists a field  $F$  that contains a subring isomorphic to  $D$ .

OR

- (b) Let  $F$  be a field and  $f(x), g(x) \in F[x]$  with  $g(x) \neq 0$ . Then show that there exists unique polynomials  $q(x)$  and  $r(x)$  in  $F[x]$  such that  $f(x) = q(x)g(x) + r(x)$  with either  $r(x) = 0$  or  $\deg r(x) < \deg g(x)$ .

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